LEARNING AS ONE NATION
Expanded Project

CESC_07

S H S L E A R N I N G A C T I V I T Y

Name: _____ **Score/Mark:** _____
Grade and Section: _____ **Date:** _____
Strand: ☐ STEM ☐ ABM ☐ HUMSS ☐ ICT (*TVL Track*)
Subject: *Community Engagement, Solidarity, and Citizenship*
Type of Activity: ☐ Concept Notes ☐ Skills: Exercise/Drill ☐ Illustration
☐ Performance Task ☐ Essay/Report ☐ Others: _____

Activity Title: **The Basis and Types of Community**
Learning Target: To discuss the factors that drive the formation of a community
References: *(Author, Title, Pages)*

1. Selected works of E. Durkheim and F. Toennies, C. Kalinowski, The Typology of Community: A Case Study Analysis of Three Intentional Communities (Minnesota State U, 2016)
2. J. Daguplo, and J. J. V. Montañez, CVIF Learning Activities

People with identified commonalities tend to form social groups and clusters. Thus, communities may be created based on various driving forces. These, in turn, determine the typology for characterizing the different communities formed.

Important Elements of a Community

- **Criteria for membership**
  - Geographical location
  - Shared interests – personal, professional and vocational, spiritual, cultural, political
  - Shared social and economic conditions

- **Social interactions**
  - Extent
  - Degree
  - Stability – level of commitment and engagement

- **Shared vision**
  - Organization and methodology for achieving goals for the common good
  - Mechanisms for maintaining peace, order and social equilibrium

Other determinant characteristics:

- **Size** (for example, ranging from a few households to a city or beyond)
- **Level of sophistication** (rural to highly urbanized)
- **Complexity in social structure and organization**
- **Technological development**

Exercises: Limit each answer to three simple sentences.

1. For the community to which you belong, identify which of the elements apply. Describe your community based on the other determinant characteristics.
2. Comment on a possible scenario when the size of a community becomes too large. How can social structure and organization complement the growth in size of a community?